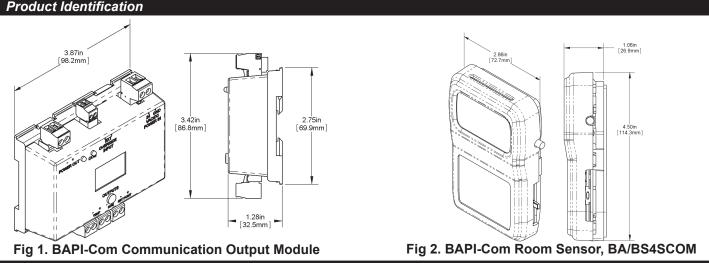
Installation and Operating Instructions

rev.11/04/10



Operations Overview

The BAPI-Com sensor is designed to be used in retrofit applications on just 2 existing or new wires. The BAPI-Com consists of two modules, the Room Sensor and the Communication Output module. The Communication Output Module is externally powered and then powers the Remote Sensor on two wires. It also communicates with the Remote Sensor over those same two power wires to receive the local temperature, humidity, setpoint and override signals as well as powering the LCD display. The Communication Output module then sends each parameter (Temperature, Humidity, Setpoint & Override) to individual output terminals for the BAS controller to receive and interpret. An Occupied/Un-occupied (Occ/Un-occ) input is also available on the Communication Output Module to indicate to the Remote Sensor that the control zone is in Occupied or Un-occupied mode for display indication.

Note: Not all wires are guaranteed to work. The system has been tested with wires meeting the wire spec of Belden 9841 cable. The units should work to a distance of 500 feet and possibly more on 22AWG to 14AWG wire. Electrical noise is unpredictable but can be limited with wire that is twisted to limit noise imbalance and shielded to limit overall induced noise. If a shield is used, BAPI recommends to only ground the shield at one end to avoid induced ground loop noise. The preferred earth grounding location should be at the Communication Output Module or BAS controller end.

Specifications

opecifications			
ROOM SENSOR		COMMUNICATION OUTPUT MODULE	
Power:	15 to 18 VDC @9mA,	Power in:	20 to 30 VDC/AC, 25mA max
	Supplied from the Communication Output Module		1.7VA @ 30 VAC
Wiring:	2 wires, Up to 500ft	Terminations:	0
AWĞ gauge	22-14AWG	Comm. & PWR	2 wires to the sensor, 22-14 AWG
Twist per foot	5 per ft preferred	Power In	2 wires, 12-28 AWG
Shielding	Preferred	Output	2 wires per output, 12-28 AWG
Wire spec typical	Belden 9841	Override Input	2 wires, 16-30 AWG
External sensor	22-18 AWG, TSP, shield grounded, 25' max	Outputs:	Three Maximum
Sensors:	, - , 3 ,	Volts	0-5VDC or 0-10VDC, Imax=20mA,
Temperature	Thermistor, 10K-2		DA or RA (Factory Configured only)
Accuracy	±0.36°F, (±0.2°C)	Contact	Reed switch, 0.5A@24VDC
External Sensor	10K-2 thermistor (Purchased separately)	Resistance	20K span, Vmax=15VDC, DA or RA
	Wired 25' maximum from sensor		(Factory Configured only)
Humidity	Capacitive Polymer	Thermistor	10K-2, 10K-3 or 10K-3 [11K]
Accuracy	±2% RH, (10% to 90%) @ 25°C		(Factory Configured)
Communication:	Polling system (All messages are confirming)	Input (DI):	External dry contact connection
Baud rate	1200 baud		(Closed = Occupied)
Poll Rate	400 ms	Indicators:	
Туре	FSK	Power	Green LED (On=Powered)
Indication OPT.:	LCD, (Temp/Humd/Setpoint/Occupied)	Communication	Blue LED, Blinks during
Window	2.5"x1.5"		normal communication
Main digit	3.5 digits,0.6" high, ±99.9	Occupied	Red LED (On=Occupied request)
Options:		Mounting:	3 EZ mount methods
Setpoint	Slide POT, Rev. Acting (RA), or Direct Acting (DA)	DIN Rail	35mm, Quick tab release
Display	Fahrenheit or Celsius	Snap Track	4" length, 2.75" wide
Override	Pushbutton	Screw Mount	Four tabs w/0.125" holes
Test & Balance:	Available with display only	Material:	ABS Plastic, UL94V-0
Adjust	Low Temp/Normal/High Temp	Ambient:	32° to 122°F (0° to 50°C)
Material:	ABS Plastic, UL94V-0	A	0-95% RH Non-condensing
Ambient:	32° to 122°F (0° to 50°C)	Agency:	RoHS
A	0-95% RH Non-condensing		
Agency:	RoHS		

Specifications subject to change without notice.



Installation and Operating Instructions

Wall Sensor Mounting

LOCATION:

BAPI recomends mounting to inside wall away from any heat or cooling discharge vents. Avoid baseboard radiation and any sunlit walls.

JUNCTION BOX MOUNTING: (Fig. 3)

- 1. Pull the wire through the wall and out of the junction box, leaving about six inches free.
- 2. Pull the wire through the hole in the base plate.
- 3. Secure the base to the box using the #6-32 x 1/2 inch mounting screw provided.
- 4. Terminate the unit according to the guidelines in the Termination section.
- 5. Plug any back box holes or conduit with insulation to avoid wall drafts from affecting the sensor reading.
- 6. Attach the cover by latching it to the top of the base, rotating the cover down and snapping it into place.
- 7. Secure the cover by backing out the lock-down screws using a 1/16" Allen wrench until the screws are flush with the bottom of the cover.

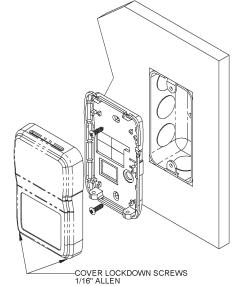


Fig 3. Sensor Mounting Mounting hardware is provided for both junction box and drywall installation (junction box installation shown).

DRYWALL MOUNTING:

1. Place the base plate against the wall where you want to mount the sensor.

- 2. Using a pencil, mark out the two mounting holes and the area where the wires will come through the wall.
- 3. Drill two 3/16" holes in the center of each marked mounting hole. Insert a drywall anchor into each hole.
- 4. Drill one 1/2" hole in the middle of the marked wiring area.
- 5. Pull the wire through the wall and out of the 1/2" hole, leaving about six inches free.
- 6. Pull the wire through the hole in the base plate.
- 7. Secure the base to the drywall anchors using the #6 x 1 inch mounting screws provided.
- 8. Terminate the unit according to the guidelines in the Termination section.
- 9. Plug any wall holes with insulation to avoid wall drafts from affecting the sensor reading.
- 10. Attach Cover by latching it to the top of the base, rotating the cover down and snapping it into place.
- 11 . Secure the cover by backing out the lock-down screws using a 1/16" Allen wrench until the screws are flush with the bottom of the cover (see Figure 3).

NOTE: In any wall-mount application, the mixing of room air and air from within the wall cavity can lead to erroneous readings, condensation, and premature failure of the sensor. To prevent this condition, plug the conduit hole with insulation in the junction box.

Diagnostics

Problem No display on the Sensor

No output on the output module Output module blue led not blinking

Possible Solution

Check the sensor power terminals for 15 to 18VDC Check power on the output module comm. terminals for 18VDC Check power on the output module power in terminals for 20 to 30V (AC/DC) Check wiring, and Check power. Check connections

Specifications subject to change without notice.

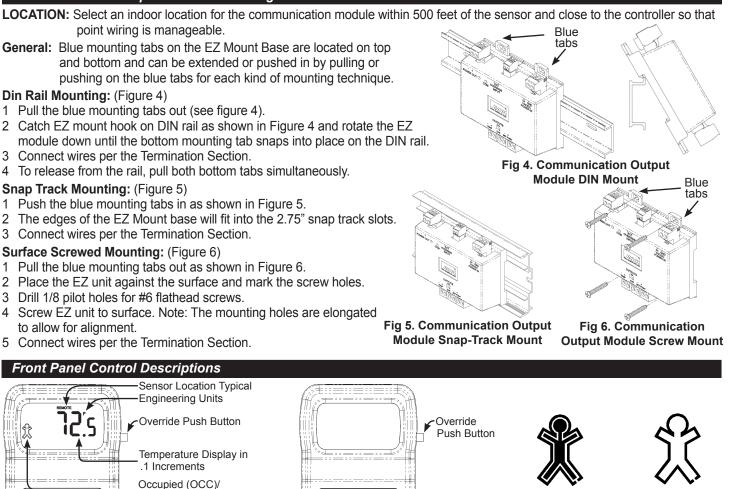
rev.11/04/10



Installation and Operating Instructions

rev.11/04/10

Communication Output Module Mounting



FIFEIEIEI Fig 7. Override, setpoint, w/ display

Un-occupied (UN-OCC) Indicator

Setpoint Slide-Pot: When the slide pot is moved enough the display will show the setpoint and will change the setpoint in 0.1° degree increments. Setpoint slide up to make the setpoint go up and slide down to go down (Reverse Acting is field programmable). If there is no display, then the user relies on the side legend to show his desired setpoint. The communication output module setpoint will also change its output value but only within the setpoint range that was ordered or configured.

Override Request Button for no display units: When pressed, the override output at the output module will go to less than 15 ohms across the output designated (Sensor, Setpoint or Separate) override output, depending on the part number ordered.

Override Request Button for display units: When pressed, the BAPI-Man will be displayed (filled in) for 3-5 seconds and the override output at the output module will go to less than 15 ohms across the output designated (Sensor, Setpoint, Humidity or Separate contact) override output, depending on the part number ordered. If the communication output module occupied input is then closed, then the BAPI-Man will stay filled in, indicating an occupied state. If the input is open, then the BAPI-Man will revert to a hollow man display, indicating un-occupied. (The occupied input on the communication output module must be cycled once to show the hollow BAPI-Man)

Display if used: The display shows the current temperature unless the setpoint slide is pushed and then will show the current setpoint for 3 to 4 seconds. The display can also be set up for temperature display only or setpoint display only. See Firmware setup P1.0.

BAPI-Man Display: The BAPI-Man display depicts three different modes of operation. Figure 9 shows "Occupied" (Filled in/solid man) or "Unoccupied" (Hollow man) or not used (No BAPI-Man displayed). If a confirmation signal has never been received from the communication output module then the BAPI-Man will remain blank from the screen. On the first confirmation signal, the BAPI-Man will show occupied (Filled in/solid man) and then un-occupied (Hollow man) when the confirmation signal is off. The only way to get a blank BAPI-Man screen is to cycle power. Specifications subject to change without notice.

Hollow BAPI-Man BAPI-Man, "Occupied" "Un-occupied"

Filled-in/Solid

Setpoint Slide

Fig 9. Occupied/un-occupied indicator

Setpoint

Slide

Fig 8. Override, setpoint, w/o display



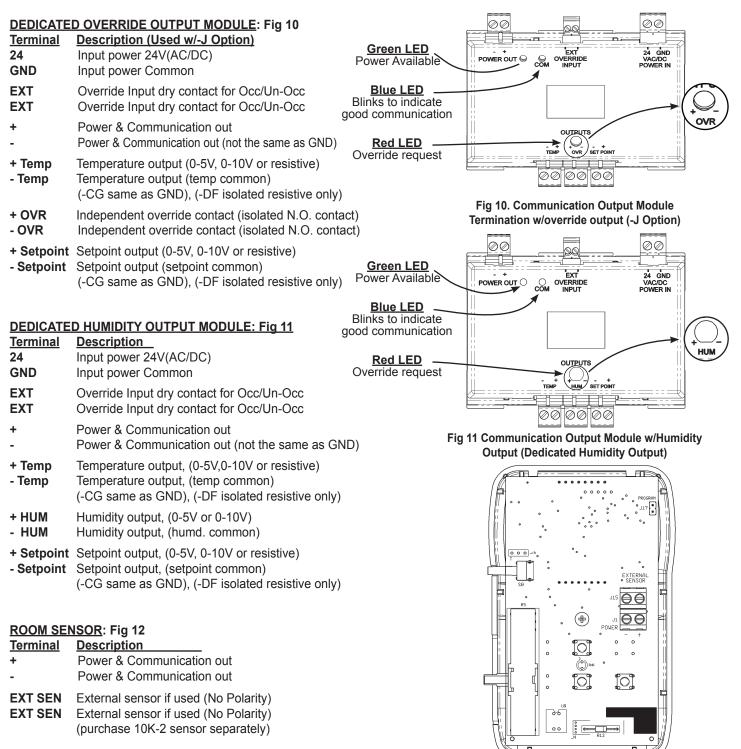
Installation and Operating Instructions

rev.11/04/10

Termination

General Wiring Note: All wiring must comply with the National Electric Code (NEC) and local codes. Do NOT run this device's wiring in the same conduit as high or low voltage AC power wiring.

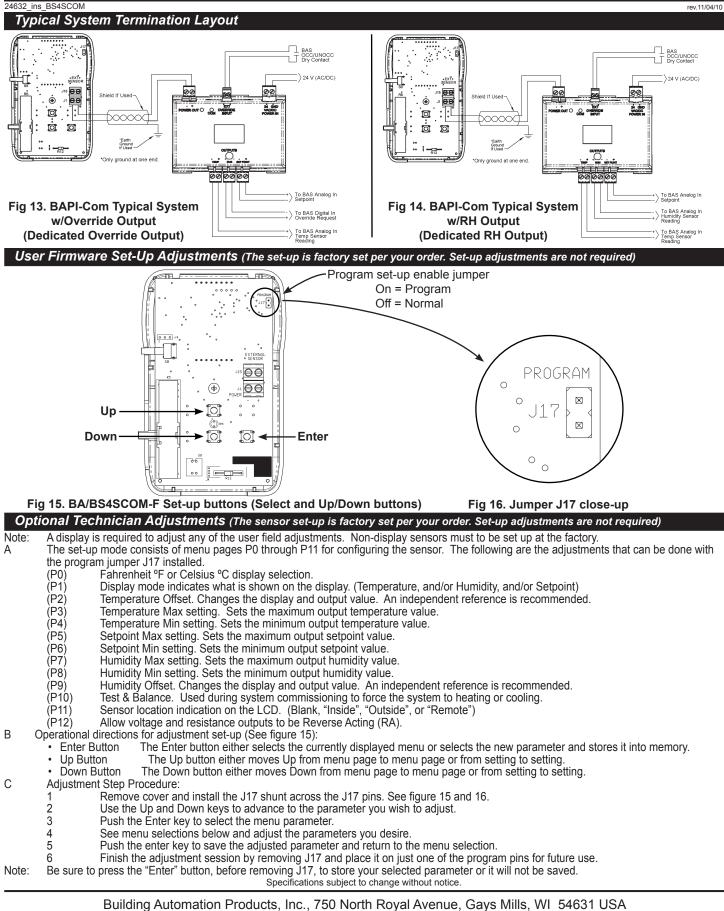
Note: There are two output module types depending on if you ordered the humidity output or just override output.



Specifications subject to change without notice.

Fig 12. Room Sensor Termination

Installation and Operating Instructions





Installation and Operating Instructions

Menu	Description	Action
P0.0	°F or °C display:	Adjust the up/down key to advance to the engineering unit you wish. "0" Setting for degrees Celsius, °C
		"1" Setting for degrees Fahrenheit, ⁰F
		Push the Enter key to store the desired engineering unit
P1.0	Display Mode:	Indicates what is displayed on the LCD.
		"0" Not used (Do not select)
		"1" Temperature only (no setpoint or humidity)"2" Setpoint only (no temp or humidity)
		"3" Temperature and Setpoint alternately every 5 seconds (no humidity)
	"4" Humidity only (no temperature or setpoint)	
		"5" Temperature and Humidity alternately every 5 seconds (no setpoint)
		 "6" Setpoint and Humidity alternately every 5 seconds (no temperature) "7" Temperature, Setpoint and Humidity alternately every 5 seconds
		Push the Enter key to store the desired setting.
P2.0 Temperature	Temperature Offset:	Pushing the up button adds up to 10°F or 10°C in .1° increments.
		Pushing the down button subtracts down to -10°F or -10°C in .1° increments.
D2 0	Tomporatura May	Push the Enter key to store the desired setting.
P3.0	Temperature Max	Pushing the up button adds up to 99.9°F or 99.9°C in .1° increments. Pushing the down button subtracts down to -99.9°F or -99.9°C in .1° increments.
P4.0	Temperature Min	Pushing the up button adds up to 99.9°F or 99.9°C in .1° increments.
	,	Pushing the down button subtracts down to -99.9°F or -99.9°C in .1° increments.
		Push the Enter key to store the desired setting.
P5.0	Setpoint Max	Note: The span should not exceed 122°F or 50°C to maintain a resolution of 0.1° steps. Pushing the up button adds up to 99.9°F or 99.9°C in .1° increments.
1 0.0		Pushing the down button subtracts down to -99.9°F or -99.9°C in .1° increments.
		Push the Enter key to store the desired setting.
P6.0 Setpoint Min	Setpoint Min	Pushing the up button adds up to 99.9°F or 99.9°C in .1° increments.
		Pushing the down button subtracts down to -99.9°F or -99.9°C in .1° increments.
P7.0	Humidity Max	Push the Enter key to store the desired setting. Pushing the up button adds up to 99.9% RH in .1% increments.
		Pushing the down button subtracts down to 0% RH in .1% increments.
		Push the Enter key to store the desired setting.
P8.0 Humidity Mir	Humidity Min	Pushing the up button adds up to 99.9% RH in .1% increments.
		Pushing the down button subtracts down to 0% RH in .1% increments. Push the Enter key to store the desired setting.
P9.0 Humidity (Humidity Offset:	Pushing the up button adds up to 10% in .1% increments.
	· · · · ·	Pushing the down button subtracts down to -10% in .1% increments.
	TALORIA	Push the Enter key to store the desired setting.
P10.0	Test & Balance:	This tests the heating and cooling system to the maximum temperature setpoint readings "0" Low- Makes the output go to the Temperature Min setting (P4).
		"1" Normal- Make the output go to the Temperature Actual temperature reading including
		the Temperature Offset if any (P2).
		"2" High- Makes the output go to the Temperature Max setting (P3).
		Push the Enter key to back out of the page Note: Leaving this page automatically puts the Test & Balance to the Normal mode
P11.0	Sensor Location:	Note: Leaving this page automatically puts the lest & Balance to the Normal mode This shows, on the LCD, were the sensor is located when the temperature is displayed.
		"0" Blank location indication. Typically means sensor is inside the display enclosure.
		"1" "Inside" location indication. Typically means the sensor is installed away from the
		sensor display location. Possibly an adjacent clean room or operating room.
		Requires the (-ES) option."2" "Outside" location indication. Typically means the sensor is installed away from the
		sensor display location. Possibly outside air , intake duct or adjacent to a control
		room. Requires the (-ES) option.
		"3" "Remote" location indication. Typically means the sensor is installed away from the
		sensor display location. Requires the (-ES) option.
P12.0 Reverse A	Reverse Acting:	Push the Enter key to store the desired setting. This makes the voltage or resistance out operate as Reverse Acting (RA).
	. tovoroo / toting.	"0" All outputs are direct acting.
		"1" Temperature output is reverse acting.
		"2" Setpoint output is reverse acting.
		"3" Temperature and setpoint outputs are reverse acting."4" Humidity output is reverse acting.
		"4" Humidity output is reverse acting."5" Temperature and humidity outputs are reverse acting.
		"6" Setpoint and humidity outputs are reverse acting.
		"7" Temperature, setpoint and humidity outputs are reverse acting.

Specifications subject to change without notice.